

Driving Education Excellence: Securing the Future for All Ohio Students

February 10, 2017

Ohio Department of Education

ESSA Webcast



Submit feedback using the chat function and the ESSA online survey



Reference links in the documents tab



Today's session will be available for playback



For more information, visit education.ohio.gov and search keywords: *ESSA*

Welcome from State Superintendent DeMaria



of Education

What is ESSA?

- Replacement for No Child Left Behind and ESEA waivers
- A basic, technical "infrastructure" for states, not a strategic plan
- Addresses some but not all foundational issues/topics (e.g. testing, teacher evaluations)
- Drives more, but not all, decisions to state and local level

Every Student Succeeds Act: Draft Overview



- Outlines process to engage stakeholders
- Communicates timelines for future ESSA-related activities
- Highlights significant policies contained in the draft









Department staff met with more than 70 organizations

1,500 participants at 10 regional meetings

Engaging 15,000 Ohioans to build a responsive plan

3,100 participants for 11 webinars

11,200 responses to online ESSA survey

Today's Presenters

Colleen Grady
Senior Policy Advisor

Christopher Woolard

Senior Executive Director, Center for Accountability and Continuous Improvement



ESSA Requires:

 Adoption of challenging academic content standards that align to credit-bearing coursework in the state's public higher education system and relevant careertechnical standards

What we heard:

- Ohioans overwhelmingly remain supportive of our standards
- Career-Technical education continues to be an underutilized pathway for many students

Ohio's Proposal:

- Conduct an ongoing process to review and revise Ohio's Learning Standards by teams of Ohio educators
- Further align relevant career-technical standards



ESSA Requires:

- Retains current testing requirements
- Continues to require states to disaggregate results by student subgroups.
- Permits use of national assessments such as ACT or SAT as a substitute for state end-of-course assessments.
- Permits computer-adaptive testing and competencybased assessments.
- Allows out-of-level testing for high school mathematics in grade 8.



What we heard:

- Loud and clear: There is a need to strategically reduce testing
- Stabilize the state-level assessment system and resist making modifications for several years.

Ohio's Proposal:

- Maintain existing assessment system to meet ESSA requirements
- Work to reduce testing in a strategic way
- Explore adaptive testing
- Explore use of competency-based science assessment

Polling Question

Which one of the following assessments would you recommend be considered for elimination?

- Fall administration grade 3 ELA
- Grade 4 social studies
- Grade 6 social studies
- American history end-of-course
- American government end-of-course
- One ELA end-of-course
- One mathematics end-of-course

Decision Point: Ohio will accept the opportunity to continue the **middle school double-testing waiver**, and will advocate with USDOE to maintain the extended waiver for *all* relevant end-of-course exams.



ESSA Requires:

- Not less than one other state-set non-academic indicator of school quality or student success
- Long term and interim improvement goals for all student subgroups
- States must establish the minimum number of students (n-size) necessary for a subgroup to be included
- States must implement a single, summative rating with at least 3 performance levels for schools and districts.

What we heard:

- There was stakeholder support for including report card measures that are not based on test scores
- Incorporate a separate achievement indicator for students who re-take EOC tests
- Clarify and improve K-3 literacy measure
- Clarify / Revise Gap Closing and Value Added

Ohio's Proposal:

- Clarify "grade" definitions and provide detailed explanation of grading scale
- Use parent surveys and focus groups to make report cards more user-friendly and understandable
- Improve specific report card measures and components
- We will use the overall A-F report card grade to meet the school and district summative rating.

Decision Point: An additional indicator of school quality will be added to the accountability system.

This indicator will be student engagement as measured by **Chronic Absenteeism**.

Decision Point: The **N-Size** for subgroup evaluation will be 15.

This decision was made based on data that shows with the current N-Size of 30, many students (especially Hispanic students and English Learners) are excluded from their respective schools' subgroup analysis.

Polling Question

Which of the following report card components best measures school success for schools serving grades K-8?

- Achievement
- Progress
- Gap Closing
- K-3 Literacy

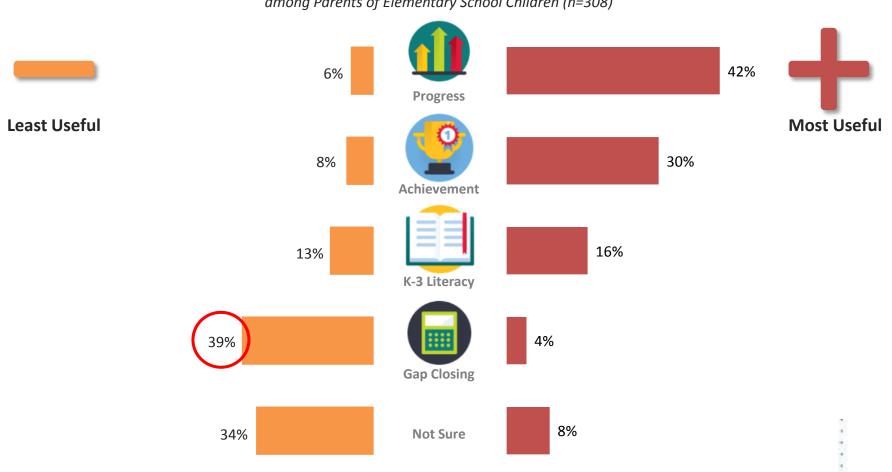
Elementary School Parents value the *Progress* and Achievement measures of the school report card most



- Elementary school parents share mixed reviews of the K-3 Literacy measure.
- Overwhelmingly, parents find *Gap Closing* the least useful.

Usefulness of School Report Card Measures

among Parents of Elementary School Children (n=308)



Polling Question

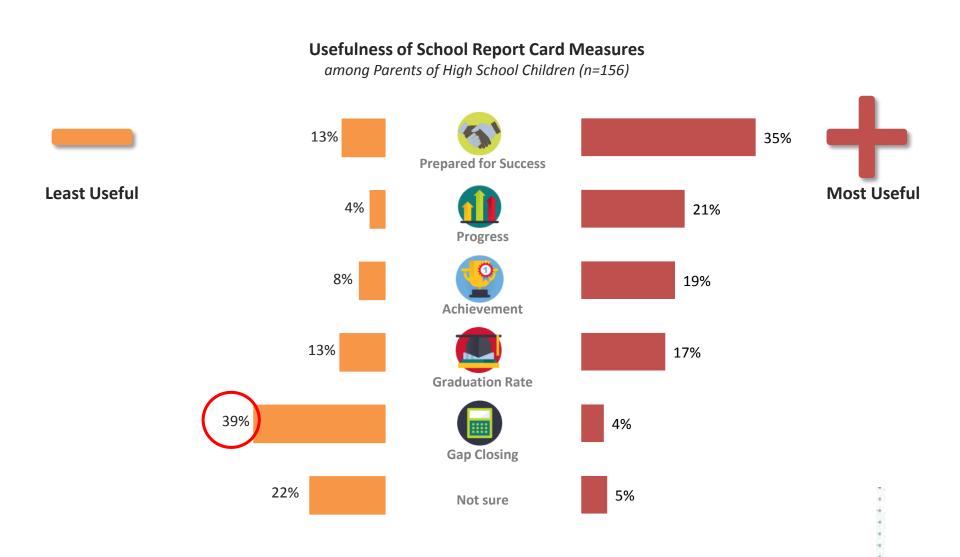
Which of the following report card components best measures school success for high schools?

- Achievement
- Progress
- Gap Closing
- Graduation
- Prepared for Success

High School parents value *Prepared for Success* the most, while *Gap Closing* remains the least useful



Progress, Achievement, and Graduation Rate garner similar marks for usefulness.





ESSA requires identification for comprehensive support:

- The lowest-performing 5 percent of schools
- High schools struggling with graduation rates (4year graduation rate is less than 67 percent).
- Schools struggling with gaps among subgroups.
- Identify schools based on 2017-2018 results
- Maximum time period to demonstrate improvement 4 years

What we heard:

 Stakeholders urged use of accountability measures on Ohio's Report Card (such as value-added) as gauges for continuous improvement – not as punitive labels.

Ohio's Proposal:

- Ohio will ensure that the criteria for identifying Priority, Focus and Watch schools fully aligns with the report card measures
- Entrance and exit criteria will be understandable and clearly linked to improvement planning requirements

Aligned, Evidence-Based School Improvement System



Improvement System

ESSA Requires:

- School improvement should be more locally driven and give schools and districts more discretion in designing school improvement plans
- School improvement plans must be based on evidence-based strategies

Polling Question

Which of the following tools or supports do you believe would be most useful to your district?

- Peer-to-Peer Network
- Decision framework
- Resource allocation tool
- Data analysis support
- Similar schools/districts performance database
- Process coaching

Improvement System

What we heard:

- Stakeholders want more local control in decision making around school improvement
- Numerous stakeholders emphasized the need for a more coherent focus on addressing the needs of students, families and communities in struggling schools

Improvement System

Ohio's Proposal:

- Continue use of OIP
- Leverage system of supports (SSTs, ESC, ITCs)
- Improve tools and training
- Create Peer-to-Peer Improvement Network
- Schoolwide Title I waiver
- Rural initiative



ESSA Requires:

- Requires plans that ensure equitable access to effective teachers for poor & minority students.
- No longer requires HQT or evaluations linked to student growth
- Requires strategies for equitable access to effective teachers that align and support human capital management.

What we heard:

- There is strong support for educators
- There is not consensus on the best way to evaluate educators
- Educators do not believe the evaluation system is working as it should
- Concern about student growth measures
- Broad support for professional development

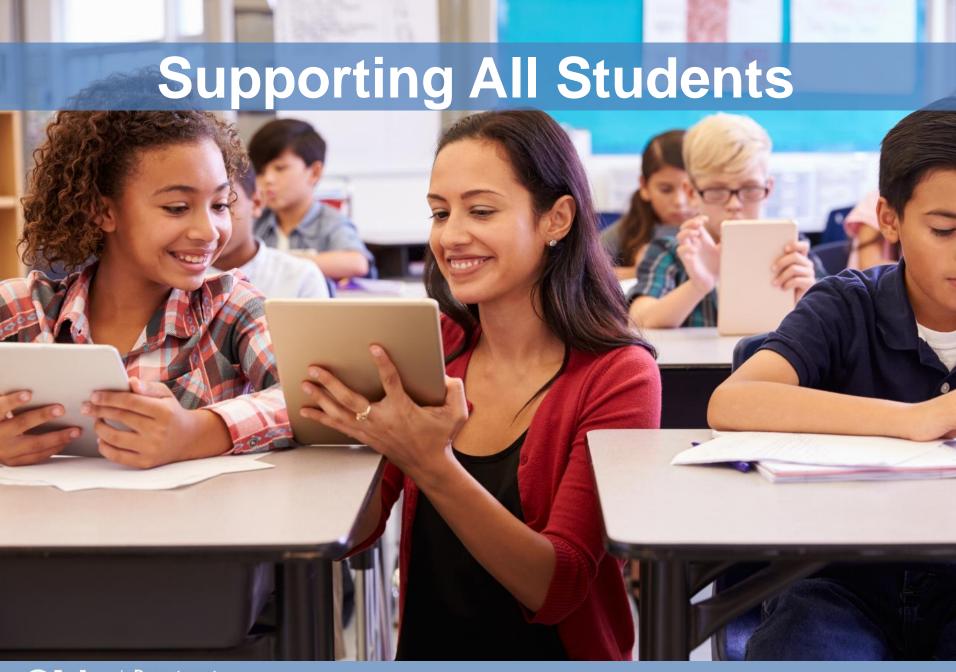
Ohio's Proposal:

- Reflect on our current system
- Review and identify opportunities to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of the existing Ohio Teacher Evaluation System.
- Start larger conversation with stakeholders
- Consider how to define effectiveness moving forward

Polling Question

When you think of your district what do you see as the most important issue to managing educator talent?

- Recruitment & Selection
- Diversity
- Induction/Mentoring
- Performance management
- Professional development
- Equitable access to effective instruction
- Addresses shortages



Title IV Priorities

- School Climate and Safety
- STEM/Technology
- Access to rigorous coursework AP/IB subsidies

Vulnerable Students

Improve supports, improve transitions and reduce barriers for:

- Students in foster care
- Homeless
- Military dependents
- Students involved in justice system
- Migrant students

Increased reporting of achievement for these student groups

Polling Question

When you think about the challenges facing certain vulnerable groups of students what issue do you believe your district will see as a priority?

- Academic tutoring/support
- Nonacademic support services
- Improving enrollment and records' transfer
- Outreach to families
- Improved coordination with state/local agencies

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Plan Submission and Next Steps

- The submission of the ESSA state plan on April 3 is not the end of the process.
- Once submitted, the Department begins additional stakeholder outreach to explain provisions, answer questions and plan for implementation.
- This will also be the time to address any needed statutory changes.

ESSA and Beyond

- Ohio's biennial budget process, aimed at Building for Ohio's Next Generation, has just begun
- Strategic Planning Process beginning soon at ODE
- Educator Standards Board OTES Review
- Graduation Requirement Workgroup

